Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for deuteration of a compound represented by the general formula [1]:

$$R^{1}-X-R^{2}$$
 [1]

wherein, R¹ represents an alkyl group, an alkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, an aralkyl group, or an aralkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond; R² represents an alkyl group or an alkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, an aryl group, an aralkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group or a hydroxyl group; X represents a carbonyl group or a hydroxylmethylene group; R¹ and R² may form an alicyclic ring together with a carbon atom contained in X; provided that R² represents an alkyl group, an alkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, an aryl group or an aralkyl group when X is a hydroxylmethylene group, comprising reacting the compound represented by the general formula [1] under neutral condition with a deuterated solvent other than D₂O₂ in the co-presence of an only one activated catalyst selected from a palladium catalyst, a platinum catalyst, a rhodium catalyst, a ruthenium catalyst, a nickel catalyst and a cobalt catalyst;

provided that when the compound represented by the general formula [1] has at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond-bound, the catalyst activated in advance is used as the activated catalyst.

2. (Original) The method for deuteration according to claim 1, wherein X is a carbonyl group in the general formula [1].

- 3. (Original) The method for deuteration according to claim 1, wherein X is a hydroxymethylene group in the general formula [1].
- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method for deuteration according to claim 1, wherein the deuterated solvent is deuterium oxide (D₂O).
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method for deuteration according to claim 1, wherein the only one activated catalyst is one obtained by activating a non-activated catalyst selected from a palladium catalyst, a platinum catalyst, a rhodium catalyst, a ruthenium catalyst, a nickel catalyst and a cobalt catalyst by contacting with hydrogen gas or heavy hydrogen gas.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method for deuteration according to claim 6, wherein the contact of the non-activated catalyst with hydrogen gas or heavy hydrogen gas is conducted in a deuteration reaction system.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method for deuteration according to claim 1, wherein the only one activated catalyst is a catalyst comprising an activated palladium based catalyst.
- 9. (Original) The method for deuteration according to claim 8, wherein the activated palladium based catalyst is an activated palladium carbon.
- 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method for deuteration of a compound represented by the general formula [1]:

$$R^1-X-R^2$$
 [1]

advance is used as the activated catalyst, and

wherein, R¹ represents an alkyl group, an alkyl group having at least one carboncarbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, an aralkyl group, or an aralkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond; R² represents an alkyl group or an alkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, an aryl group, an aralkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group or a hydroxyl group; X represents a carbonyl group or a hydroxylmethylene group; R¹ and R² may form an alicyclic ring together with a carbon atom contained in X; provided that R² represents an alkyl group, an alkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, an aryl group or an aralkyl group when X is a hydroxylmethylene group, comprising reacting the compound represented by the general formula [1] under neutral condition with a deuterated solvent in the co-presence of an-only one activated catalyst selected from a palladium catalyst, a platinum catalyst, a rhodium catalyst, a ruthenium eatalyst, a nickel catalyst and a cobalt catalyst; provided that when the compound represented by the general formula [1] has at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple-bound bond, the catalyst activated in

the compound represented by the general formula [1] is tricyclo[5.2.1.0^{2,6}]decan-8-ol, and the activated catalyst is a catalyst comprising palladium carbon-and platinum carbon.

- 12. (Original) Tricyclo[5.2.1.0^{2.6}]decan-8-ol wherein deuteration ratio thereof is 60% or more.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method for deuteration according to claim 1, provided that when the compound represented by the general formula [1] has at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple-bound bond, hydrogen gas or heavy hydrogen gas is not present in a deuteration reaction system.

- 14. (New) The method for deuteration according to claim 1, wherein the only one activated catalyst is a catalyst comprising an activated platinum catalyst.
- 15. (New) A method for deuteration of a compound represented by the general formula [1]:

$$R^1-X-R^2$$
 [1]

wherein, R¹ represents an alkyl group, an alkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, an aralkyl group, or an aralkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond; R² represents an alkyl group or an alkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, an aryl group, an aralkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group or a hydroxyl group; X represents a carbonyl group or a hydroxyl group; R¹ and R² may form an alicyclic ring together with a carbon atom contained in X; provided that R² represents an alkyl group, an alkyl group having at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, an aryl group or an aralkyl group when X is a hydroxylmethylene group, comprising reacting the compound represented by the general formula [1] under neutral condition with a deuterated solvent in the co-presence of an only one activated catalyst; provided that when the compound represented by the general formula [1] has at least one carbon-carbon double bond and/or at least one triple bond, the catalyst activated in advance is used as the activated catalyst, and

the compound represented by the general formula [1] is tricyclo[5.2.1.0^{2,6}]decan-8-ol, and the activated catalyst is a catalyst comprising platinum carbon.